

NEPTUNE TOWNSHIP POLICE DEPARTMENT STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE



SUBJECT: INTERNAL AFFAIRS

EFFECTIVE DATE:
March 29, 2019

ACCREDITATION STANDARDS:
1.3.1, 1.4.3a-e

BY THE ORDER OF:
Chief James M. Hunt, Jr.

SUPERSEDES ORDER #: INTERNAL AFFAIRS SOP V2C15 (10/3/14)

PURPOSE: The purpose of this written directive is to maintain a high quality of law enforcement services. Improving the relationship between employees and the public facilitates cooperation vital to the department's ability to achieve its goals. This department is committed to providing law enforcement services that are fair, effective, and impartially delivered. Employees are held to the highest standards of conduct and are expected to respect the rights of all citizens. This department must be responsive to the community by providing formal procedures for the processing of complaints regarding individual employee performance. An effective disciplinary framework permits department personnel to monitor employee compliance with department directives, assist employees in meeting department objectives, enhance performance, and permit managers to identify problem areas which require increased training or direction. Finally, this written directive shall ensure fundamental fairness and due process protection to citizens and employees alike.

POLICY: It is the policy of the Neptune Township Police Department to accept and investigate all complaints of agency and employee's alleged misconduct or wrongdoing from any citizen, department employee or any other sources, including anonymous sources. Following a thorough and impartial examination of the available factual information, a conclusion will be determined and the employee shall be either exonerated or held responsible for the alleged misconduct. Discipline shall be administered according to the degree of misconduct. All employees, regardless of rank/title, shall be subject to disciplinary action for violating their oath and trust. Committing an offense punishable under the laws of the United States, the State of New Jersey, or municipality constitutes a violation of that oath and trust. Employees are also subject to disciplinary action for the willful or negligent failure to perform the duties of their rank or assignment. In addition, employees may be disciplined for violation of any rule or regulation of the department or for failure to obey any lawful instruction, order, or command of a superior officer or supervisor in accordance with 40A:14-147. Disciplinary/corrective action in all matters will be determined based upon the merits of each case. Investigators conducting the investigation of any allegation of misconduct shall strive to conduct a thorough and objective investigation respecting the rights of the subject employee, any other law enforcement officer, and all members of the public. Accordingly, any supervisor and any officer who may be called upon to conduct an internal investigation must be thoroughly familiar with the department's Internal Affairs policy. This written directive has been developed in accordance with the revised New Jersey Attorney General Guidelines on Internal Affairs.

PROCEDURE:

I. DEFINITION OF TERMS/FORMS

- A. The following forms/reports shall be used in accordance with this written directive:
1. **Citizen Complaint Form:** This form, which explains the department's internal affairs procedures, shall be offered to any citizen who wants to document a reportable incident on an employee of the department. This form shall also be utilized by department employees to document a reportable incident on any department employee.
 2. **Employee Notification Form:** This form is used to formally notify an employee of an internal affairs complaint against him or her.
 3. **Notice of Immediate Suspension:** This form shall be used upon the immediate suspension of an employee.
 4. **Administrative Advisement Form:** This form shall be used during internal affairs investigation interviews when interviewing the subject employee in an internal affairs investigation.
 5. **Weingarten Representative Acknowledgement Form:** This form shall be provided to the Weingarten representative present during an Internal Affairs interview.
 6. **Witness Acknowledgment:** The form shall be used during internal affairs investigation interviews when interviewing a witness in an internal affairs investigation.
 7. **Internal Affairs Departmental Investigation Report:** This report shall be used to memorialize the investigation of any internal affairs matters.
 8. **Counseling Notice:** This form shall be completed by a supervisor to memorialize any corrective action counseling/remedial training (not discipline) taken either as a result of a reported performance deficiency incident or internal affairs investigation.
 9. **Notice of Charges and Hearing:** This form shall direct that the employee charged must enter a plea of guilty or not guilty, in writing, on or before the date set forth in the notice for entry of a plea. The date will be listed on the notice and must provide a reasonable time, at least 5 days after the date of service of the charges, to enter a plea and request a hearing, if applicable.
 10. **Reprimand Notice:** This form shall be used to document the issuance of a oral and/or written reprimand issued to a subject employee, which has been approved by the Chief of Police or designee in connection with the completed Internal Affairs investigation. This form shall be maintained in the internal affairs files only.
 11. **Notice of Disciplinary Action:** This form shall be used to formally notify the subject employee of charges approved by the Chief of Police or

designee in connection with the completed Internal Affairs investigation. This disciplinary form shall only be used for discipline. This form shall be maintained in the internal affairs file with a copy retained in the personnel file.

12. **Annual Report:** This report shall be submitted to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office annually, detailing all internal affairs investigations investigated by the department during the previous year.

B. **Reportable Incident:** is any behavior, performance, or non-performance that may violate 40A:14-147, department rules/regulations, procedures, applicable criminal and civil laws, and the United States or New Jersey Constitutions, both on or off duty. All reportable incidents shall be carefully and thoroughly reviewed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor to determine the manner of response that best serves the public, the department, and the employee. Reportable Incidents classified as misconduct will result in an internal investigation conducted in accordance with the New Jersey Attorney General's Internal Affairs Guidelines and this written directive.

C. **Classification:** There are three classifications of a reportable incident. All reportable incidents shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor to screen, record and classify the incident as one of the following (**See Figure #1**):

NOTE: All allegations of **misconduct** regardless of the source of the allegation shall result in an internal investigation.

1. Criminal Misconduct - Reportable Incidents classified as criminal misconduct will result in immediate notification to the Monmouth County Prosecutor of the receipt of the complaint by the Internal Affairs Unit. No further action shall be taken, including the filing of charges against a subject employee, until directed by the County Prosecutor.

a. Criminal Misconduct is defined as a reportable incident where there is an allegation of a crime or an offense.

2. Administrative Misconduct - An incident may be classified as administrative misconduct, in which case an investigation shall be conducted in accordance with this written directive.

a. Administrative Misconduct is defined as a reportable incident where there is a serious violation of department rules and regulations, written directive; or, conduct which adversely reflects upon the employee or the department.

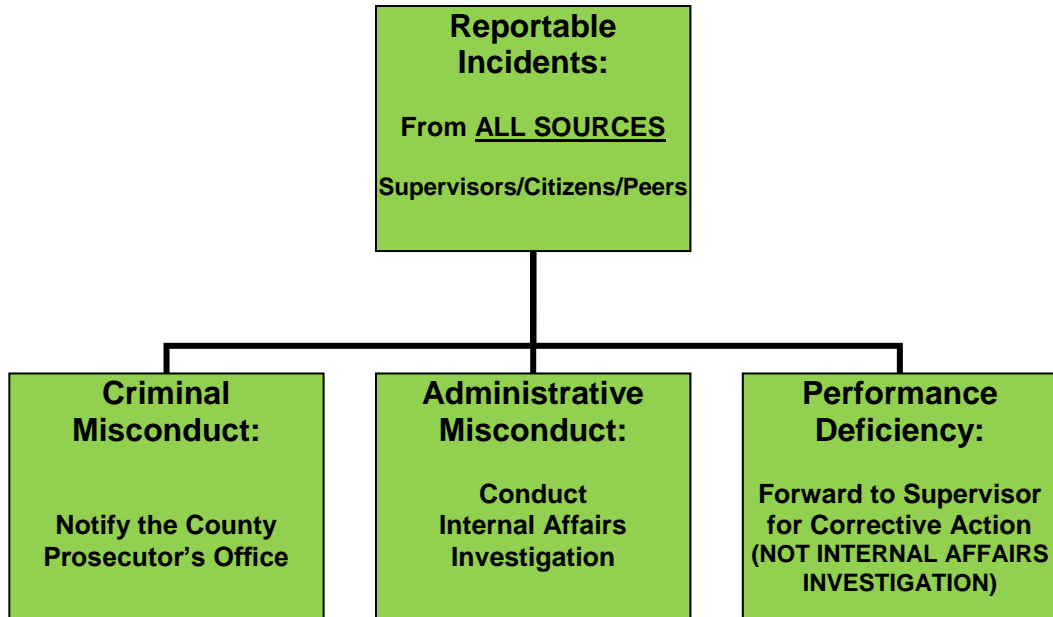
b. Repeat performance deficiencies may be classified as administrative misconduct.

3. Performance Deficiency - An incident that is classified as a performance deficiency shall be referred to the supervisor for addressing through non-disciplinary corrective actions (corrective action shall be training or counseling only).

a. A performance deficiency is defined as a reportable incident of any minor rule infraction that can be addressed at the supervisory level

of an employee. This department recognizes that not all reportable incidents constitute misconduct and certain reportable incidents are more effectively handled outside of the disciplinary process. Performance deficiency incidents are not internal affairs investigations.

Figure #1 (Classification Process)



II. GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- A. The investigative process should seek to locate and identify all evidence available to either prove or disprove allegations made against an employee.
- B. With the exception of internal investigations that are part of an ongoing or potential criminal investigation, the majority of internal investigations are administrative in nature. Unlike criminal investigations where the burden of proof is beyond a reasonable doubt, the standard for administrative cases is a preponderance of the evidence.
- C. Also important is that strict rules of evidence and certain constitutional protections that apply in criminal cases do not attach to these investigations. In accordance with established case law, the investigator, reviewing authority and the Chief of Police or designee can rely on types of evidence that would be inadmissible in a criminal proceeding providing, there is some indication of reliability.
- D. Furthermore, unlike criminal investigations, certain specific legal protections that arise in employment & labor matters and in police discipline matters apply to employees subject to an internal investigation. These include rights and practices commonly referred to as Weingarten, Loudermill and Garrity rights, as well as contractual rights or those based on state or federal statutes.
- E. Investigators and reviewers shall scrupulously adhere to the principles that all employees shall be afforded all rights to which they are entitled. At the same time, investigative and review personnel will also be aware of their obligations to

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determine the facts of each case utilizing investigative methods, which are consistent with acceptable practices in employee discipline cases.

- F. Internal Affairs investigations shall not rely solely on the outcome of related criminal matters or traffic matters. The conviction of a citizen complainant shall not be dispositive as to the citizen's complaint regarding the employee's conduct related to the incident. However, the court proceedings will be relevant and should be reviewed. Unless otherwise determined, most cases involving a court action will require the collection and analysis of court records and transcripts of court appearances by the subject employee, complainant, or critical witnesses. The investigator should make every attempt to attend court proceedings, to monitor the progress/outcome of the case. As a monitor, the investigator need not notify the prosecutor, judge, or other court personnel of his/her presence and should not have any input in the proceedings.
- G. If a civilian signs criminal or traffic complaints, in addition to making an internal affairs complaint against an employee, a not guilty disposition of the court shall not automatically determine the outcome of the internal complaint. However, it will be relevant and part of the investigation.
- H. The investigator and reviewing authority shall consider that administrative charges have a different threshold of proof as well as less restrictive rules of evidence.
- I. As internal affairs investigators, a tendency to automatically grant more credibility to statements given by employees of the department and other law enforcement officials than to statements given by civilian complainants and witnesses must be carefully avoided. In certain situations where the credibility and motive of the complainant is reasonably suspected, a credibility determination may be made as provided for in this written directive. However, investigators, unless otherwise authorized, will investigate the relevant facts of the allegations and not the background or motive of the complainant, unless relevant to the investigation.
- J. It is the policy of this department that personnel conducting internal investigations deal with complainants, witnesses, and subject employees in a professional manner. This includes being prepared for interviews, promptly responding to telephone calls, and handling all related contacts during an investigation to leave citizens and employees alike with the impression that a thorough, fair, and impartial investigation of the allegation(s) will be conducted.
- K. Discovery of additional allegations and identification of additional subject employees:
 - 1. In conducting investigations, the propriety of all conduct by the employee relating to the subject matter of the investigation shall be reviewed.
 - 2. If during the course of an investigation, the investigator has reason to believe that misconduct occurred, other than that alleged, the investigator shall continue the investigation on the additional allegations, unless otherwise directed, the investigator shall investigate the additional allegation to its logical conclusion.
 - 3. If during the course of an investigation, the investigator has reason to believe that another employee may have been involved in alleged misconduct and should be interviewed as a subject employee, the

investigator shall notify the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor/Chief of Police or designee, and await further instructions. Other aspects of the investigation should continue.

III. INTERNAL AFFAIRS UNIT

- A. The Internal Affairs Unit is herein established. The Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor shall have direct access to the Chief of Police or designee on all matters involving internal affairs. Personnel assigned to the Internal Affairs Unit shall serve at the pleasure of and be directly responsible to the Chief of Police or designee.
- B. The goal of Internal Affairs Unit is to ensure that the integrity of the department is maintained through a system of internal discipline where fairness and justice are assured by objective, impartial investigation and review.
- C. Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor shall be responsible for:
 - 1. The management of the Internal Affairs Unit;
 - 2. The coordination and review of all internal affairs investigations;
 - 3. The review of all allegations of misconduct by employees of this department;
 - 4. The Chief of Police or designee shall be immediately notified when an employee is accused of a crime, domestic violence violations, any incident that attracts media attention, and any incident that would affect the efficient and effective operation of the department. In addition, the duty supervisor shall take any immediate action necessary to preserve the integrity of the department until directed otherwise by the Chief of Police or designee. All other notifications shall be made on the next business day.
 - 5. The maintenance of a comprehensive central file and recordkeeping system on all complaints received by this department, whether investigated by Internal Affairs Unit personnel or assigned to an employee's supervisor. A quarterly report on the status of all pending Internal Affairs investigations will be provided to the Chief of Police or designee.
 - a. Internal Affairs investigations shall receive an IA prefix and number.
 - b. Performance deficiency incidents shall receive a PD prefix and number.
 - 6. The preparing and mailing of a Complaint Acknowledgement Letter to all civilian complainants.
- D. Internal Affairs Unit shall be responsible for:
 - 1. Ensuring the investigation and review of all allegations of misconduct by employees of this department.

2. In addition to investigations concerning allegations of misconduct, the Internal Affairs Unit shall have additional responsibilities, to include the following:
 - a. Internal affairs shall be notified of and document all firearms discharges by department personnel that are not related to training, all use of force incidents that result in injury to a defendant or a third party, all vehicular pursuits undertaken by department personnel and all collisions involving department vehicles. Once notification has been received, internal affairs will determine whether additional investigation is necessary.
 - b. Internal affairs shall conduct a manual or computerized audit of its records to determine if an employee has the emergence of a pattern, practices or trend of inappropriate behavior or misconduct in accordance with department written directive governing early warning.
 - c. Internal affairs shall be responsible for any other investigation as directed by the Chief of Police or designee.
3. The Internal Affairs Unit may conduct an internal affairs investigation on their own initiative upon notice to or at the direction of the Chief of Police or designee and Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor.
4. The Internal Affairs Unit may refer reportable incidents classified as a performance deficiency to an employee's supervisor for inquiry and corrective action.
5. The Internal Affairs Unit investigators or personnel temporarily assigned to that function shall have the authority to interview any employee of the department and to review any record or report of the department relative to their assignment. Requests from the Internal Affairs Unit personnel, in furtherance of their duties and responsibilities, shall be given full cooperation and compliance as though the requests came directly from the Chief of Police or designee.
6. Notification to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office
 - a. The Chief of Police or designee shall immediately notify the Monmouth County Prosecutor of the receipt of the complaint by the Internal Affairs function of any allegation of a crime or an offense.
 - b. The Internal Affairs Annual Report shall be submitted to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office as directed by that office.
7. An annual report summarizing the types of complaints received and the dispositions of the complaints should be made available to the public. The names of complainants, witnesses, and subject employees shall not be published in this report.
8. The Neptune Township Police Department shall periodically release to the public a brief synopsis of all complaints where a fine or suspension of ten

days or more was assessed to a member of the agency. The synopsis shall not contain the identities of the subject employees or complainants.

9. The Neptune Township Police Department shall report any departmental, judicial or other finding, of which the department has knowledge, and which may adversely affect an officer's credibility, to the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office.

IV. ACCEPTING COMPLAINTS

A. Duty of Employees to Self-Report

1. All employees shall immediately self-report to the shift commander, in no case, more than four hours, the following information to the Internal Affairs Supervisor and the Chief of Police or designee through the chain of command:
 - a. Whenever the employee is arrested or criminally charged for any conduct.
 - 1) The report must be made immediately, and in all cases prior to release or leaving the law enforcement agency. In the case of service of criminal charges, the notification must be made immediately upon the receipt of the charges.
 - b. Whenever the employee is named as a party in any civil suit involving their conduct while on duty or otherwise while acting in an official capacity.
 - c. Whenever the employee is named as a party in any civil suit regarding off-duty conduct while not acting in an official capacity that alleges racial bias, physical violence, or threats of physical violence by the employee.
 - d. Whenever the employee is alleged to have committed an act of domestic violence.
2. When employees report this information to a supervisor, the supervisor shall directly and immediately report the information to the Internal Affairs Supervisor, in no case more than four hours after receipt of the notification. The Chief of Police or designee shall notify the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office of the receipt of this information.

B. Duty of Employees to File a Citizen Complaint Form for Actions of Other Employees

1. An employee who receives information defined as a reportable incident shall report such information to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor.
2. All employees must report directly to the Internal Affairs Unit or the Chief of Police or designee any conduct by another employee that reasonably appears to constitute any of the following:

- a. Prohibited discrimination;
 - b. An unreasonable use of force or a threat of force;
 - c. A constitutional violation;
 - d. Failure to follow any of the documentation requirements, including documentation of civilian complaint filing procedures;
 - e. Providing false information in an investigation of an employee for misconduct or in any report, log, or transmittal of information to the department's designated communication center.
3. Retaliation against any employee for reporting misconduct shall constitute a serious disciplinary offense and may lead to a severe penalty up to and including termination.

C. Complaints from the Public

1. All department personnel are directed to accept reports of agency or employee misconduct from all persons who wish to file a complaint regardless of the hour or day of the week. Citizens are to be encouraged to submit their complaints in person as soon after the incident as possible. If the complainant cannot file the report in person, a representative from the Internal Affairs Unit shall visit the individual at their home, place of business, or at another location in order to complete the report, if possible. Telephone, e-mail, web-based reporting, and facsimile complaints may also be accepted.
2. If a member of the Internal Affairs Unit is immediately available, they shall take the complaint.
 - a. If a member of the Internal Affairs Unit is not immediately available, the complainant will be referred to the duty supervisor. In the absence of the duty supervisor, any department employee shall accept the report of employee misconduct.
3. Department personnel receiving the complaint shall:
 - a. Provide the person making the complaint with the Citizen Complaint Form, which explains the department's Internal Affairs procedures. Explain the department's disciplinary procedures to the person making the complaint.
 - b. Advise the complainant that he or she shall be kept informed of the status of the complaint and its ultimate disposition, if requested.
 - c. Complete as much of the Citizen Complaint Form as possible before forwarding it to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor for recording in the master recordkeeping system and classification by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor.
 - d. Have the complainant sign the completed form. If the complainant will not sign the form, the employee receiving the complaint will so

note that fact. However, the failure of a citizen to sign a complaint will in no way preclude the investigation of the allegations.

4. All department personnel are directed to accept reports of agency or employee misconduct from anonymous sources. If the anonymous complainant is talking to an employee, the employee should encourage them to submit their complaint in person. In any case, the complaint will be accepted.
 - a. An employee of the department who interferes with or delays the reporting or investigation of such complaints may be subjected to disciplinary action.
5. If a complainant wants to make a complaint against an employee of another law enforcement agency, he/she will be referred to that agency. If the complainant expresses fears or concerns about making the report directly, he/she will be referred to the respective county prosecutor's office.
6. If a complaint is received from another law enforcement agency, the complaint will be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor for classification.
7. In accordance with the Attorney General's Directive No. 2018-6 on immigration issues, no state, county or local law enforcement officer shall inquire about or investigate the immigration status of any victim, witness, potential witness or person requesting or receiving police assistance.

D. Complaints shall be handled as follows:

1. All complaints will be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor for classification and entry into the recordkeeping system.
2. Unless otherwise directed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor or the Chief of Police or designee, complaints classified as a performance deficiency shall then be forwarded to the supervisor of the employee for inquiry and corrective action.
3. All other complaints classified as misconduct shall be retained by the Internal Affairs Unit.
4. The subject employee shall be notified in writing of the complaint as soon as possible, unless the nature of the investigation requires secrecy.

V. IMMEDIATE SUSPENSIONS

A. Suspension Pending Disposition or Investigation

1. A supervisor or Chief of Police or designee may immediately suspend an employee from duty if it is determined that one of the following conditions exists:
 - a. The employee is unfit for duty; or

- b. The employee is a hazard to any person if permitted to remain on the job; or
 - c. An immediate suspension is necessary to maintain safety, health, order or effective direction of public services; or
 - d. The employee has been formally charged with a first, second or third degree crime; or
 - e. The employee has been formally charged with a first, second, third or fourth degree crime or a disorderly persons offense while on-duty or the act touches upon his or her employment.
2. The supervisor imposing the immediate suspension must:
- a. Advise the employee in writing of why an immediate suspension is sought and the charges and general evidence in support of the charges.
 - 1) If the employee refuses to accept the written notification of immediate suspension, it shall be given to a representative of the employee's collective bargaining unit.
 - b. Provide the employee with a sufficient opportunity to review the charges and the evidence and to respond to either orally or in writing, if applicable.
 - c. Advise his immediate supervisor in writing of the suspension and the facts and circumstances requiring the suspension.
3. Administrative Reassignment
- a. Administrative reassignment may be used in cases involving the use of force, which results in death or serious bodily injury, unless the employee is suspended or placed on administrative leave pending the outcome of the investigation.
 - b. The administrative reassignment is subject to change by the Chief of Police or designee upon the outcome of the investigation.
4. Filing formal charges
- a. Within five days of the suspension, the department must complete and file formal charges against the suspended employee or return the employee to work. The filing of charges shall be suspended if the employee's suspension is due to a potential criminal matter under review by the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office.

VI. INVESTIGATION AND ADJUDICATION

A. Criminal Misconduct Complaints

- 1. Where preliminary investigative data indicates the possibility of a criminal act on the part of the employee, or the investigation involves an allegation

of the excessive use of force, the Chief of Police or designee shall be notified immediately who will then notify the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office. No further action shall be taken, including the filing of charges against the employee, until directed by the Chief of Police or designee and the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office.

2. The Internal Affairs Unit shall interview the complainant, all witnesses as well as review relevant reports and records, and obtain other relevant information and materials.
 - a. A subject employee shall not be compelled to answer any questions in the absence of a grant of use immunity as conferred by the Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office.
 - b. The Internal Affairs Unit investigator shall consult with the Monmouth County Prosecutor regarding the advisability of giving a Miranda Warning Form to the subject employee.

B. Administrative Misconduct Complaints

1. When preliminary investigative data indicates an administrative misconduct offense, which may result in disciplinary action:
 - a. A supervisor must notify the Internal Affairs Unit, who will direct a full investigation of the matter to include interviewing the complainant, all witnesses as well as review relevant reports and records, and obtain other relevant information and materials; and
 - b. The Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor will notify the Chief of Police or designee of the offense; and
 - c. The Internal Affairs Unit will forward copies of the appropriate disciplinary documents and investigation reports to the Chief of Police or designee for review; and
 - d. The Internal Affairs Unit will be responsible for the final case disposition and implementation of discipline, as determined by the Chief of Police or designee.

C. Performance Deficiency Complaints

1. When a complaint has been classified as a performance deficiency, the complaint shall be forwarded to the employee's supervisor for inquiry and further action necessary. The supervisor shall then prepare a report summarizing the matter, recommending the appropriate corrective action, subject to approval by the Chief of Police or designee.
2. The supervisor shall forward the completed report to the Internal Affairs Unit for review, and entry of the disposition in the recordkeeping system.

D. Interview Procedures

1. Preparation

- a. All complainants, subject employees and witnesses shall be interviewed after careful preparation, including the review of the investigative file and all documents, evidence, and interviews conducted up until the interview. The investigator should have pre-formulated goals to be accomplished with each interview.
2. Memorializing of the Interview
- a. The interview of the complainant, subject employee, and any other witness with critical information may be documented or memorialized in one of the following ways:
 - 1) Audio recorded. If audio recorded, a synopsis of the recorded statement will be included in the narrative of the Internal Investigation Report. When directed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor, the pertinent portions of this statement will be transcribed.
 - 2) Video recorded. If video recorded, a synopsis of the recorded statement will be included in the narrative of the Internal Investigation Report. When directed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor, the pertinent portions of this statement will be transcribed.
 - 3) Handwritten statements taken by investigator shall be reduced to writing and signed on each page by the person making the statement.
 - 4) A summary of the substance of the interview will be incorporated in the body of the appropriate internal investigation report.
 - b. Investigators must at all times remain cognizant that civilian witnesses who are not employees of the department cannot be compelled to provide a statement in any manner. However, all reasonable efforts should be made to obtain a statement when warranted from non-police personnel in the order of priority as is listed above.
 - c. All persons submitting to such a recorded or written statement, including the complainant, witnesses, and the subject employee(s) will, upon request, be provided with a copy of same by the investigator, as authorized by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor/Chief of Police or designee, unless by doing so, it could compromise the investigation.
 - d. Other than investigators authorized by the department, employees of this department shall not electronically record nor cause any interview to be electronically recorded. The copy of the official statement shall be produced and provided within 7 business days of the request. Extensions shall be granted only with the prior approval of the Chief of Police or designee. The employee receiving the copy of the statement shall be reminded of the absolute requirement that same not be copied, shown, or revealed

to anyone other than the employee's attorney, if any. Violation of this provision will result in serious disciplinary action.

- e. Audio or written statements shall be made attachments within the investigative file, unless the matter is criminal in nature. In that case, evidence shall be handled in accordance with department written directive regarding the handling of evidence in a criminal matter.
 - f. All recorded statements will be summarized in the body of the appropriate internal investigation report. When directed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor, the pertinent portions of the statement may be transcribed and the transcript itself also included as an attachment to the case.
 - g. The interview of any non-department person shall document the following identifiers:
 - 1) Full name;
 - 2) Address;
 - 3) Home Telephone;
 - 4) Race;
 - 5) Gender;
 - 6) DOB;
 - 7) Place of Employment;
 - 8) Work Telephone;
 - 9) Names of all persons present during interview;
 - 10) Date, time, and location of interview; and
 - 11) Further identifiers such as social security number or SBI or FBI numbers shall not be requested or utilized unless directly relevant to the investigation.
 - h. Upon obtaining an audio-recorded statement, investigators will then label the medium, protect against re-record loss, and include it as a case attachment to the report. The statement, if transcribed, will also be included as a case attachment regarding administrative investigations. In cases where the interview concerns a criminal matter, the recorded medium will be secured and handled as evidence.
3. Secondary Investigator as a Witness

- a. The utilization of a second investigator as a witness to any interview or written statement is not required; however, it may be authorized in certain circumstances.
4. Legal Representation in Administrative Internal Affairs Investigations
 - a. During the course of the administrative interview, an employee may be represented by a union representative of their choosing, including an attorney, so long as the availability of the attorney does not in any way hamper or impede the ongoing investigation. There is not a Sixth Amendment right in Administrative Internal Affairs Investigations. If the investigation is criminal in nature and it appears that the employee's union representative may become a witness or subject employee in the investigation, the union representative shall be prohibited from attending the interview.
 - b. Complainants and witnesses who are not employees of the agency cannot be precluded from having a legal representative present while being interviewed by investigators.
5. Interview of Complainant
 - a. After the preparation detailed above, all efforts must be made to interview a complainant in person. Complainant interviews shall be conducted formally resulting in a statement secured in accordance with the provisions enumerated under Interview Procedures.
 - b. The investigator shall arrange a convenient time and place, including by telephone (or TDD), to interview civilians for misconduct investigations. The investigator shall reasonably accommodate a civilian's circumstances to facilitate the progress of an investigation. This may include holding an interview at a location other than the department or at a time other than regular business hours.
 - c. Interviews of civilian complainants, which take place over the telephone, may be recorded, unless the witness objects to the recording.
 - d. Investigators must treat the person being interviewed with dignity and respect, and demonstrate interest and concern in dealing with the complainant. Employees shall not attempt to dissuade any person from making a complaint. Employees shall conduct themselves as to facilitate the citizen's confidence in the internal investigative process.
 - e. Complainants and witnesses shall not be questioned about any matters that are not directly relevant to the allegations of the investigation. Investigators shall make every effort not to ask questions that may demean, ridicule, or cause embarrassment to the complainant.
 - f. Questions must be carefully thought out and relevant to the investigation. Any questionable issues should be discussed with

and approved by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor before conducting the interview.

- g. Group interviews should not be conducted. This shall mean no more than one complainant, witness or subject employee at a time. If a group interview must be conducted it shall be explained in the investigation report.
- h. Complainants should be interviewed outside the presence of other complainants and witnesses. A parent, or adult relative or guardian in the absence of a parent, shall be present during the interview of a minor. In the event, a parent cannot be located; the investigator must document the efforts taken to contact same. If a civilian insists that another potential witness be present during an interview, the interview must continue with the potential witness present and the report must note the circumstances.
- i. Structure of Interview
 - 1) Complainants should be initially asked to explain, in their own words in detail, the facts forming the basis of the complaint. The investigator should then clarify any questions or issues regarding the complainant's statement.
 - 2) After the complainant has provided a statement, the narrative of the Citizen Complaint Form, recorded telephone complaint, or correspondence from the complainant should be reviewed with the complainant.
 - 3) The investigator shall seek to rectify or identify any discrepancies as well as identify any further investigative requirements.
 - 4) The complainant should be asked to identify any witnesses and state what they believe the witness may have knowledge of; turn over any evidence in their possession; and identify what other types of evidence they know.
 - 5) Every relevant fact known to the complainant should be identified and explored thoroughly.
 - 6) In addressing the allegations, questions utilized in the basic investigative process, namely: **who, what, when, where, why, and how,** should be precisely addressed.
 - 7) The complainant and or witnesses have no automatic right to view any department video recordings. It shall be up to the discretion of the investigator whether utilizing any department video recordings during an interview will enhance or clarify the investigative process.
 - 8) If a complainant refuses to be interviewed, or cannot be located or contacted, a letter shall be forwarded on department letterhead, via certified mail, authorized and

signed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor, advising that he/she should respond within ten (10) days or the investigation will proceed without his/her input.

6. Interview of Witness

- a. Every effort should be made to interview all witnesses. The full identity of the witness should be obtained. If the witness refuses to be interviewed, or cannot be contacted after a reasonable attempt to locate, a certified letter shall be sent on department letterhead advising the witness should respond within ten calendar (10) days.
- b. Specific and detailed questions should be asked including: **who, what, when, where, why, and how** the incident or event occurred. The investigator should have a clear purpose in identifying relevant witnesses and selecting what questions to ask them.
- c. The aforementioned techniques outlined in the complainant interview should be applied to the interview of witnesses.
- d. Witness interviews shall be conducted formally resulting in a statement secured in accordance with the provisions enumerated under Interview Procedures.

7. Interview of Employees

- a. Generally, the interview of an employee is accomplished after the complainant and all witnesses are interviewed. However, this is determined by the character of the inquiry and remains a choice of the investigator. Such interviews are a critical step in the investigation and should be carefully planned. Investigators shall not accept a written statement from any employee in lieu of an interview.
- b. Employee interviews shall be conducted formally resulting in a statement secured in accordance with the provisions enumerated under Interview Procedures.
- c. Employee as: **WITNESSES**
 - 1) A formal audio recorded statement may be taken from each employee considered a witness. Statements need not be transcribed, but must be summarized in the appropriate internal investigation report. The key elements of the statement may be transcribed if necessary. A sworn member who is considered a witness is entitled to union representation if he/she reasonably believes that he/she may be subject to disciplinary action as a result of the investigation.
 - 2) Advise the employee that he/she is a witness, explaining the difference between a witness and subject employee.

- a) A witness is a person reasonably believed to have information concerning the event under investigation, but whose own conduct is not the focus of the investigation.
 - b) A subject employee is a person whose conduct is the focus of the investigation.
- 3) Before any questioning takes place, the employee shall be apprised of the identity of the investigator conducting the interview, including his/her rank, name, and assignment. This notice shall also include the identity of all persons present during the interview.
 - 4) The investigator may require the employee to submit a report detailing relevant facts in the investigation. If a report is required, the investigator will provide the employee with the background information regarding the nature and timeframe of the complaint. The employee should be encouraged to review any of his or her own reports. **(NOTE) Not to be used in lieu of an audio recorded statement.**
 - 5) A formal statement will be obtained from the witness after he/she has been given their Witness Acknowledgment Form. The investigator shall further verbally confirm the employee's obligation for candor throughout an internal investigation, pointing out the specific provision of the acknowledgment form denoting such.
 - 6) If, during the interview, the status of an employee shifts from a witness to a subject employee, the employee shall be advised accordingly.
- d. Employee as: **SUBJECT EMPLOYEE**
- 1) No employee shall be designated a subject employee without the approval of the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor.
 - 2) Each employee of the department is required to answer pertinent questions regarding the matter, which is the subject of investigation. All employees of the department are obligated to answer questions and provide full and complete information to the investigator(s) during internal investigations. Less than complete candor during any statement may lead to serious disciplinary sanctions, which may include suspension or termination.
 - 3) The investigator shall not automatically provide the subject employee with the Citizen Complaint Form. Subject employees shall be advised of the specific nature of the complaint, the time period involved, any allegation(s) or violation(s) of rules, regulations, and orders involved, and if applicable, the name or names of the complainant(s) and/or

witnesses, in writing. The addresses of the witnesses or complainants need not be disclosed.

- 4) In cases where these documents are shown to the subject employee, the investigator shall redact from the letter of complaint, Citizen Complaint Form, or any other relevant document provided to the subject employee during the interview, any information that may compromise the investigative process by providing same to the subject employee. Redacted documents utilized during the investigation for any purpose shall be properly referenced in any interview and included as an attachment to the Investigation Report.
- 5) As an employee of the department, the Weingarten Representative shall be advised of the obligation of confidentiality and the requirement not to discuss any information obtained during an interview with any other person. (Weingarten Rights)
- 6) The subject employee may produce records of his/her own or suggest names of witnesses he/she requests to be interviewed.
- 7) A formal electronically recorded statement may be obtained from the subject employee after he/she has been advised of their Administrative Advisement. The investigator shall further verbally confirm the employee's obligation for candor throughout an internal investigation.
- 8) The following guidelines will be followed when any representation is requested.
 - a) Any employee designated as a subject employee or witness, who reasonably believes that the investigation may result in disciplinary action against him/her, is entitled, upon request of the interviewee, to have a union representative accompany the interviewee to the interview.
 - b) Any employee who is a potential subject employee or witness in the investigation may not act as a Weingarten representative.
 - c) The exercise of the interviewee's right to a union representation may not interfere with the investigation.
 - d) An interviewee is entitled to the representative of his/her choosing. Any union representative or other person designated by the union will satisfy the representation requirement.

- e) The subject employee and his/her representative shall be informed of the subject matter of the investigation and given a reasonable period of time to confer prior to the interview. The union representative may be present during the interview, and once the interview has begun, they may not leave the room for purposes of further consultation. If the subject employee refuses to make a statement or answer any questions, he/she will be informed that such refusal may result in discipline/dismissal and the interview shall be terminated.
 - f) The investigator shall not negotiate with the representative. The representative may be permitted to clarify facts or make suggestions (e.g., other potential witnesses) after the investigator's questioning of the subject employee. The investigator is free to insist that he/she is only interested in hearing the interviewee's own account of the matter under investigation. In other words, the representative shall not be permitted to answer for the subject employee or conduct his or her own interview.
- 9) The interview shall be conducted at a reasonable hour in a non-coercive manner, without threat or promise of reward, and preferably when the employee is on duty. No "off the record" questions will be asked and no "off the record" statements will be permitted. If the urgency of the investigation requires that the employee is questioned while off duty, such time will be recorded and treated as hours worked in accordance with the collective bargaining agreements, where applicable.
 - 10) The interview shall be conducted at a location designated by the investigator, usually at headquarters.
 - 11) The questioning shall be of a reasonable duration and rest periods allowed. Time shall be provided for personal necessities, meals, and telephone calls as are reasonably needed.
 - 12) If at any time during the questioning session the employee becomes a suspect in a criminal act, the employee shall be so informed and the questioning shall end. Promptly refer the case to the Monmouth County Prosecutor. Should the employee be afforded a grant of use immunity by the Prosecutor, the Internal Affairs Unit investigator shall schedule an interview with the employee.

E. Investigative Avenues

1. Physical Evidence

- a. Investigators should obtain all relevant physical evidence. All evidence, such as clothing, hair or fabric, fibers, stains and weapons should be handled according to established evidence procedures.
- b. With respect to an audio file, they should be secured at the outset of the investigation. Transcripts or copies of the original recordings can be used as investigative leads. Audio files should be monitored to reveal the totality of the circumstances.
- c. Statements from all parties.

2. Photographs

- a. In the event of a complaint involving excessive force, the following photographic documentation shall be obtained when appropriate. Whenever possible, color photography shall be used.
 - 1) Photographs of the complainant at the time of arrest or following the alleged incident of excessive force.
 - 2) Photographs of the subject employee in the event that employee was a victim.
 - 3) A recent photo of the employee in the event a sequential photo display will be used for identification purposes. The photo display must be conducted in accordance with the New Jersey Attorney General's guidelines and retained for possible evidentiary purposes.
 - 4) Photographs of the scene of the alleged incident, if necessary.

3. Physical Tests

- a. Subject employees may be compelled to submit to various physical tests or procedures to gather evidence. Such evidence may be used against them in a disciplinary proceeding.
- b. No person has a constitutional right or privilege to refuse to submit to an examination to obtain a record of their physical features and other identifying characteristics of their physical or mental condition. Evid. R. 503(a). Evidence that may be obtained or procedures that may be used to obtain evidence under this rule include:
 - 1) Breath samples;
 - 2) Blood samples;
 - 3) Buccal Swabs;
 - 4) Requiring employee to speak;
 - 5) Voice recordings;

- 6) Participation in suspect lineups;
- 7) Handwriting samples;
- 8) Hair and saliva samples;
- 9) Urine analysis;
- 10) Videotaping;
- 11) Field sobriety tests.

c. Generally, a person cannot be physically forced to produce this or other evidence or submit to such tests, although a court order may be obtained to legally compel them to do so. Refusal to comply with the order can result in additional criminal, civil, and/or administrative sanctions.

4. Polygraphs

- a. While an employee who is the subject of an Internal Affairs investigation may request a polygraph examination, an employer shall not influence, request or require an employee to take or submit to a polygraph examination as a condition of employment or continued employment (N.J.S.A. 2C:40A-1).
- b. An employee cannot be required to submit to a polygraph test on pain of dismissal. Engel v Township of Woodbridge, 124 N.J. Super. 307 (App. Div. 1973).
- c. If a polygraph is used, the test must be administered by a qualified police polygraph operator.

5. Search and Seizure

- a. As a general rule, the Fourth Amendment applies to any action taken by government. Law enforcement officers have the right, under the Fourth Amendment, to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures. Fourth Amendment warrant requirements apply to any search of an office, employee's personal property including clothing, car, home or other belongings to include any computer or digital recordings.
- b. A voluntary consent to a search may preclude some Fourth Amendment problems from developing. A consent search eliminates the need to determine what threshold standard must be met before conducting the search or seizure, either for an administrative or criminal investigation. Under New Jersey law, for consent to be legally valid, a person must be informed that he/she has the right to refuse to permit a search. State v. Johnson, 68 NJ 349 (1975). If a consent search is utilized, the investigating officer shall follow standard police procedures and have the subject employee sign a consent to search form after being advised of the

right to refuse such a search and to be present during the search, unless they waive this right.

- c. In a criminal investigation, the standard to obtain a search warrant is probable cause. Generally, a search warrant should be sought to search an area belonging to the subject employee when the employee maintains an objective expectation of privacy in that area. Areas and objects in this category include but are not limited to the employee's home, personal car, safe deposit boxes and personal computers. Agency supplied equipment and property is never considered personal property of the employee.
- d. Generally, during either administrative investigations or criminal investigations, work place areas may be searched without a search warrant. The critical question is whether the public employee has a reasonable expectation of privacy in the area of property the Internal Affairs investigator wants to search. The determination of a reasonable expectation of privacy must be decided on a case-by-case basis. There are some areas in the person's workplace where this privacy expectation can exist just as there are some areas where no such expectation exists. Areas where supervisors or other employees may share or go to utilize files or equipment would present no expectation of privacy or a diminished expectation of privacy. Included here would be government provided vehicles, filing cabinets, agency computers, etc.
- e. Agency property includes but is not limited to: computers, lockers, phones, agency vehicles, desks/offices/work stations, filing cabinets and any other agency equipment remains the property of the Neptune Township Police Department and is subject to entry and inspection without notice at any time and without a search warrant.
- f. If a criminal investigation, prior to a search or confiscation of any agency issued property, approval must be obtained from the Monmouth County Prosecutor or his/her designee.
- g. Any search of agency or personal property should be conducted in the presence of another agency employee, preferably a Superior Officer, and should be properly recorded.

VII. REPORTING

- A. Upon completion of all possible avenues of inquiry, the Internal Affairs Unit investigator shall complete the following reports:
 - 1. The internal investigation will be memorialized on the reports as are hereinafter identified. The reports will be submitted to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor for approval on a regular basis so as to keep the case current at all times.
 - 2. All approved original reports will be maintained by the investigator until the investigation is concluded at which time the complete case file will be

submitted to the Chief of Police or designee through the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor.

3. The completed report will be submitted in a report folder/envelope.
4. All attachments may be marked, unless marking the document in that area would damage or interfere with the content of the attachment.

B. Report Flow

1. The investigator, upon completion of the report, shall forward it directly to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor, who will forward it to the Chief of Police or designee.
2. The Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor will review the case and make recommendations to the Chief of Police or designee regarding discipline.
3. The Chief of Police or designee, upon receipt of the recommendation, will review the matter and make the final determination or return the case for further investigation.
4. Once the Chief of Police or designee has been provided with “sufficient information” to file a charge, the Chief of Police or designee has forty-five (45) days to do so (N.J.S.A 40A:14-147).
5. In all cases, a letter shall be sent to the complainant explaining the outcome of the investigation. If the allegation was unfounded or the employee was exonerated, this conclusion shall be stated and defined for the civilian complainant. If the allegation was not sustained, the letter shall provide the complainant with a brief explanation why the complaint was not sustained (e.g., insufficient proof, lack of witnesses, etc.). If the allegation was sustained and discipline was imposed, the letter shall simply state that the allegation was sustained and that the employee has been disciplined according to department procedures. It is not necessary to specify the discipline imposed.
 - a. If discipline is imposed, a record of such discipline, not including the investigation report or attachments, shall be placed in the employee’s personnel file.
6. Whenever a final determination is reached in an internal investigation, the Chief of Police or designee shall in writing, notify the employee(s) involved as a subject(s) of that determination.

C. Internal Investigation Report

1. Documentation that the complainant has been contacted to advise them who the investigator is and to arrange a meeting to conduct an interview. If the investigator is unable to make contact with the complainant, the report must reflect that the appropriate certified ten (10) day letter, endorsed by the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor or Chief of Police or designee, has been mailed to the complainant.

2. Documentation that the case investigator has contacted the subject employee(s) and informed them of the nature of the complaint against them.
3. An analysis of the allegations to be addressed by the investigation, linked to specific provisions of the Rules and Regulations, and/or any guidelines that govern the behavior of employees of the department.
4. The conclusion reached by the investigator, based upon the facts developed in his/her investigation, will fall into one of the following five (5) dispositions.
 - a. Sustained – a preponderance of the evidence shows that an employee violated agency rules, regulations, protocols, standard operating procedures, directives, or training;
 - b. Unfounded – a preponderance of the evidence shows that the alleged misconduct did not occur;
 - c. Exonerated – a preponderance of the evidence shows that the alleged conduct did occur, but did not violate rules, regulations, standard operating procedures, directives, or training;
 - d. Not Sustained – based upon the preponderance of evidence standard, there is insufficient evidence to decide whether the alleged misconduct occurred.
 - e. Administratively Closed – In some cases, the complaint or investigation is closed prior to reaching a disposition. These should be counted as "Administratively Closed." Examples include situations when a complainant voluntarily requests that a complaint be withdrawn, the subject employee terminates his or her employment prior to disposition of the complaint or a policy failure is identified.
5. The conclusions may be written in paragraph form wherein each piece of evidence that is relied upon in order to reach the conclusion found is individually numbered.
6. These individual paragraphs should be in sufficient detail that standing alone they provide a concise synopsis of the investigation and its findings.
7. These individual paragraphs may be footnoted to the source attachment used in formulating the paragraph.
8. The final paragraph in the internal affairs report should encompass verbiage that reads, in effect; "that based upon the preponderance of evidence accumulated in the investigation it is concluded that:
 - a. There is insufficient evidence that <Officer/Employee> did <alleged behavior>.
 - b. The allegation that <Officer/Employee> did <alleged behavior> is unfounded.

- c. The allegation that <Officer/Employee> did <alleged behavior> is substantiated.
 - d. The investigation exonerates <Officer/Employee> of the allegation of <alleged behavior>
 - e. The investigation into <alleged behavior> of <Officer/Employee> is administratively closed at this time due to <Officer/Employee> terminating his or her employment prior to disposition of the complaint or the complainant voluntarily requests that a complaint be withdrawn.
- D. Counseling Notice: is the form that must be completed by a supervisor to address the corrective action taken as a result of the performance deficiency.
- 1. A Counseling Notice shall be used when the performance deficiency warrants a corrective action of remedial training or counseling.
 - 2. The supervisor recommending the issuance of a Counseling Notice form (counseling, or remedial training) shall complete and forward the unsigned copy form to the Division Commander or designee for review and approval.
 - 3. Upon approval, the Counseling Notice will be returned to the subject employee's supervisor for signature.
 - 4. The issuing supervisor shall advise the subject employee of the corrective action. The subject employee shall sign the Counseling Notice and be given a copy of the document. The original document shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor for filing.
- E. Reprimand Notice (verbal/written reprimand)
- 1. This form must be completed by the Internal Affairs Supervisor or designee to address the disciplinary action initiated as a result of repeated performance deficiencies or administrative misconduct.
 - 2. A Reprimand Notice shall be used when the performance deficiency or misconduct warrants a disciplinary action of a verbal or written reprimand.
 - 3. The Internal Affairs Supervisor or designee recommending the issuance of a Reprimand Notice form shall complete and forward the unsigned copy to the Chief of Police or designee for review and approval.
 - a. Upon approval, the Reprimand Notice will be returned to the Internal Affairs Supervisor or designee for signature and service.
 - 4. The Division Commander and the Internal Affairs Supervisor or designee shall advise the subject employee of the disciplinary action. The employee shall sign the Reprimand Notice and be given a copy of the document. The original document shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor for filing.

- F. Notice of Disciplinary Action:
1. A Notice of Disciplinary Action Form shall be used to formally notify/charge a subject employee with administrative misconduct, the penalty for which exceeds a counseling notice.
 2. If the complaint is sustained after review, and it is determined that formal administrative charges should be pursued, the Chief of Police or designee shall direct the Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor or a designee of the Internal Affairs Unit to prepare the Notice of Disciplinary Action form and have it served upon the subject employee. The Chief of Police or designee will sign and file these charges.
 3. Conclusion of fact and the penalty imposed will be noted in the subject employee's personnel file after he or she has been given an opportunity to read and sign it. The Internal Affairs Unit will cause the penalty to be carried out and complete all required forms.
- G. If the subject employee charged waives a hearing and enters a plea of guilty on the Notice of Charge and Hearing form, the Chief of Police or designee shall permit the subject employee to present factors in mitigation prior to assessing a penalty.

VIII. HEARINGS

- A. The hearing shall be held before the appropriate authority or the appropriate authority's designee. In accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:14-148, except as otherwise provided by law, the officer, board or authority empowered to hear and determine the charge or charges made against a subject employee of the police department, shall have the power to subpoena witnesses and documentary evidence. The Superior Court shall have jurisdiction to enforce any such subpoena.
- B. All disciplinary hearings shall be closed to the public. However, the subject employee may request an open hearing. The appropriate authority or the appropriate authority's designee shall conduct a closed hearing unless a legitimate reason exists to grant the subject employee's request for an open hearing. The hearing date will be set on **the Notice of Charge form** in accordance with **N.J.S.A 40A: 14-147**.
- C. The appropriate authority or the appropriate authority's designee will fix punishments that are deemed appropriate under the circumstances in accordance with the Rules and Regulations.
- D. The appropriate authority or the appropriate authority's designee is empowered to enter a finding of sustained or not sustained, or to modify the charges as deemed necessary. The decision of the appropriate authority or the appropriate authority's designee should be in writing and should be accompanied by findings of fact for each issue in the case.
- E. A copy of the decision or order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be delivered to the employee who was the subject of the hearing.

IX. CONFIDENTIALITY

- A. The progress of Internal Affairs investigations and all supporting materials are considered confidential information. Upon completing a case, the Internal Affairs Unit will enter the disposition in the Internal Affairs record keeping system.
- B. The Neptune Township Police Department shall protect and maintain the confidentiality of all internal affairs records against the agency or employees. These records shall be in a designated secure area accessible only to the Chief of Police or designee, Internal Affairs Unit Supervisor and others as authorized by the Chief of Police or designee.
- C. The information and records of an internal investigation shall only be released under the following limited circumstances:
 - 1. In the event that administrative charges have been brought against an employee, and a hearing will be held, a copy of those internal investigation reports to be used as evidence in the administrative hearing shall be provided to the subject employee upon request.
 - 2. If the subject employee, agency or municipality has been named as a defendant in a lawsuit arising out of the specific incident covered by an internal investigation, a copy of the internal investigation reports may be released to the attorney representing the subject employee, agency or jurisdiction.
 - 3. Upon request or at the direction of the Monmouth County Prosecutor or New Jersey Attorney General.
 - 4. Upon a court order.
- D. The Chief of Police or designee may authorize access a particular file or record for good cause. The request and the authorization should be in writing, and the written authorization should specify who is being granted access, to which records access is being granted, and for what time period access is permitted. The authorization should also specify any conditions, such as one in which the files may be reviewed only at the Internal Affairs Unit's office and may not be removed.
- E. Agencies may receive subpoenas directing the production of internal affairs investigative records. Before responding to the subpoena, the Chief of Police or designee should consult with the Department's legal counsel or County Prosecutor's Office to determine whether the subpoena is valid.
- F. If the release of internal affairs documents is appropriate, the agency should inventory the reports they are releasing and obtain a signed receipt.
- G. Subpoenas for Employee's Personnel/Internal Affairs Files
 - 1. In matters that involve criminal and/or civil actions resulting from an internal affairs case, the department shall **NOT** release any information in response to the subpoena without first contacting the Assistant Prosecutor to whom the matter has been assigned by telephone and in writing. All such contact shall be noted in the internal affairs report.

X. INTERNAL AFFAIRS FILES

- A. A separate Internal Affairs file system shall be maintained in a secured file cabinet. Personnel records are separate and distinct from Internal Affairs records. Internal Affairs investigation reports shall not be placed in an employee's personnel records file.
1. When a complaint has a disposition of exonerated, not sustained, or unfounded, there shall be no indication in the employee's personnel file that a complaint was ever made.
 2. When a complaint has been sustained, only the disciplinary action imposed shall be filed in an employee's personnel file.
 3. Twelve months after an oral reprimand is issued, the employee may request in writing to the Chief of Police, to have the oral reprimand removed from their personnel file. Factor(s) that will be considered in removing the oral reprimand from the personnel file, include, but are not limited to the following and is at the sole discretion of the Chief of Police:
 - a. If no additional infractions occurred since the oral reprimand was issued (including counseling notices).
 - b. Written reprimands will remain permanently in the employee's personnel file.
 - c. Under no circumstances will the investigation that led to the oral reprimand or any Internal Affairs index reference be purged.
- B. The file system shall contain all investigative files resulting from Internal Affairs complaints and the copies of the following reports:
1. Vehicular Pursuit Reports;
 2. Use of Force Reports;
 3. Firearm's Discharge Reports.
- C. Although investigative records created during an Internal Affairs Investigation are confidential records and not defined as personnel records. For the purpose of retention, the Neptune Township Police Department shall follow the retention schedule for personnel records in the "Municipal Agencies General Records Retention Schedule."